

Intelligent Isolator

NPGL-C1111D

Single input, three outputs

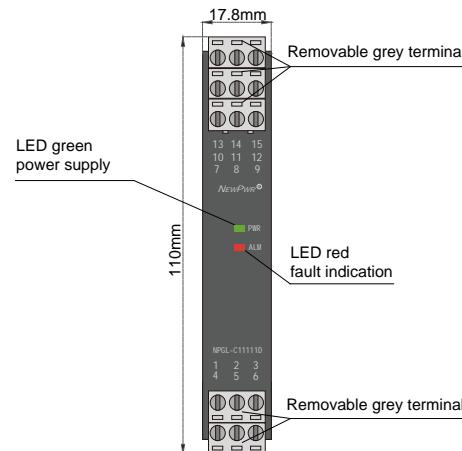
NPGL-C11111D

Single input, four outputs

Input: 4 ~ 20 mA

Output: 4 ~ 20 mA

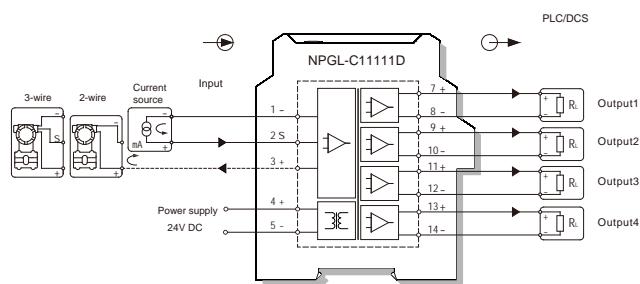
This isolator converts the current signals into current signals. It needs an independent power supply. The input, output, and power supply are galvanically isolated from each other. Modify parameters by using PC or a handheld programmer.



Parameters

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Power supply: | 18 V DC ~ 60 V DC (Reverse power protection) |
| Power dissipation: | 1.5 W (single output) 2.0 W (double output) |
| Input signal: | 4 ~ 20 mA |
| Input resistance: | $\leq 60 \Omega$ |
| Available voltage: | open-circuit voltage ≤ 26 V voltage: ≥ 22 V at 20 mA |
| Output signal: | 4 ~ 20 mA |
| Load resistance: | $R_L \leq 500 \Omega$ |
| Accuracy: | 0.1%F.S. |
| Temperature drift: | 30 ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C |
| Response time: | ≤ 500 ms |
| Electromagnetic compatibility: | IEC 61326-3-1 |
| Dielectric strength: | ≥ 1500 V AC (Input/Output/Power supply) |
| Insulation resistance: | ≥ 100 M Ω (Input/Output/Power supply) |
| Operation temperature: | -20 $^{\circ}$ C ~ +60 $^{\circ}$ C |
| Storage temperature: | -40 $^{\circ}$ C ~ +80 $^{\circ}$ C |
| Dimension: | 12.8 mm (W) \times 110 mm (H) \times 117 mm (D) |
| Output states: | Whatever input fault status (except breakage or short circuit, the output is 0 V/mA), the output follows the input within measuring range. And the maximum value would not exceed the 110% of the upper limit of the measuring range (e.g. When the output signal type is 0 ~ 20 mA, the minimum output value may be 0 mA, the maximum output value would not exceed 22 mA) |

Wiring diagram



Model rules

| | | | | | | |
|--------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| NPGL-C | X | X | X | X | D | X |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

PB : BUS powered
Default: Terminals powered

The forth output signal^{note1}
Default: null

The third output signal^{note1}

The second output signal^{note1}

The first output signal^{note1}

The input signal^{note1}

note1 : input/output signal

| Number | input/Output signal |
|--------|---------------------|
| 1 | 4 ~ 20 mA |
| 2 | 1 ~ 5 V |
| 3 | 0 ~ 10 mA |
| 4 | 0 ~ 5 V |
| 5 | 0 ~ 10 V |
| 6 | 0 ~ 20 mA |